

TIPS AND FAQs

UPON ARRIVAL

When you receive your plants, immediately open the package to give your plants some fresh air and remove your plants from the box. Preferably open your box outside or somewhere that you don't mind getting messy, as some of the soil may have been shaken loose in transit.

Remove the plastic bag and sleeve from around the potted plant and discard any packing material clinging to the leaves or soil.

WATER

Water your plants immediately after taking them out of the box. Give them enough water so that the soil appears damp and water trickles out the bottom of the pot.

IF PLANTS APPEAR DRY

Sometimes plants may appear dried out and wilted after the voyage. Do not despair. Generally, when this happens the foliage may look lackluster but the rootstock is still perfectly healthy and alive. To plump your plants back up, water them and wait 5 minutes and then water them again. This will generally rehydrate them. Keep these plants well-watered until you can re-plant them into larger containers or in the garden.

If plants arrive dry, it is often because the roots have outgrown the small shipping pots and need more room to grow; roots tend to dry out quickly in small containers. This also means your plants are very much alive and when you transplant them into larger pots or the earth, they will start growing quickly! So, re-plant them as soon as possible.

YELLOW OR BROWN LEAVES

When you receive your plants, there may be some yellowed or browned foliage on the plant. This is normal. Pull those leaves off your plant. This will encourage new leaves to grow.

If a lot of your plant looks yellow or brown and it makes your worried, take some scissors and cut your plant back, leaving about one inch of stem on the plant. This will give your plant a chance to restart and will promote bushier first season growth.

TIME TO PLANT!

Your plants are now ready to be replanted! Pick a large container or area of the garden that you wish to place your plants. Give the soil you are about to plant into a nice deep watering before planting your plant. Pop your plants out of the shipping containers, replant, and water again.

We recommend replanting in the morning or evening when outside temperatures are not at extremes. This will allow for proper water uptake from the roots.

FIRST YEAR MAINTENANCE

For perennials, the first year (or sometimes two) will require additional maintenance. During the first season of growth, even if the plant is known to be drought-tolerant, it is very important to water your plants on a regular basis, meaning up to 3-4 times per week. When plants are in their infancy stage, they need to be watered by their caretaker until they've had a chance to build a strong enough root system to subsist on their own. If you are experiencing severe heat, drought like conditions or your plants appear consistently droopy, you may need to water your plants almost every day.

MY PLANT IS TOO BIG

If your plant is growing too large, simply take scissors and cut back whatever parts of the plant that you'd like. This will also encourage bushier growth. Always cut back dead or weak stems to stimulate new growth. Cutting back leggy branches will also promote bushier growth. Remember, there are NO THORNS, so don't be scared to prune your plant as you like.



Our Warranty (Perennials)

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at 1-800-428-9726 during the hours of 8:30am and 4:30pm EST.

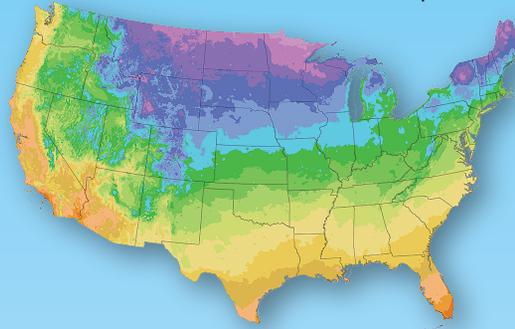
You can email questions to us at: plantquestions@robertasinc.com.

If your bulbs, cuttings etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within one year from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll free number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at www.robertasinc.com.

Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.

Neither the retailer nor any other company involved in the sale or promotion of this product is a co-warrantor of this plant warranty.

Plant Hardiness Zone Map



ROBERTA'S GARDENS PLANTING AND GROWING GUIDE



Water Wise Hummingbird Vine (Campsis radicans)



1-800-428-9726

Monday - Friday 8:30 AM - 4:30 PM EST

Thank you
for bringing us into your home

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Roberta's, P.O. Box 368, Waldron, IN 46182



QUICK REFERENCE PLANTING GUIDE

LIGHT/SUN EXPOSURE:	Full
USDA HARDINESS ZONES:	4-10
PLANT TYPE	Perennial
PLANTING DISTANCE:	10-15 feet
MATURE HEIGHT/SPREAD:	6 feet in 1st year - 15-35 feet in 3rd year Spread 6 feet in 1st year - 6-15 feet in 2nd year
BLOOM TIME:	Mid Summer - Late Autumn
PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS:	Unpack your plants immediately removing any packing material. Cut away any yellow or brown leaves or broken stems that may have occurred. Water immediately.
(soil preparation, depth, which end is up, etc.)	

PLANTING GUIDE

1
STEP

Unpack your plants immediately removing any packing material. Cut away any yellow or brown leaves or broken stems that may have occurred. This grooming is completely normal and will take place as the plant grows. New leaves and stems appear as the old ones are cut away.

2
STEP

Water immediately. Water the plants thoroughly letting the excess water drain through the bottom of the pot(s). Keep moist all summer.

3
STEP

These plants require little attention and grow in about any soil type. Transplant into the garden or larger containers as soon as evening temperatures stay above 45 degrees Fahrenheit. Water again. Plants prefer full sun.

4
STEP

As a climber, they will fasten themselves to a wall, trellis, pergola, post or fence growing vertically and laterally.

During the growing season, pinch back vines from time to time to assure dense growth.

CONTINUING CARE

NATURE ATTRACTION

This climber's brightly colored flowers and nectar-rich blooms will regularly attract attention of hummingbirds. Hardy and trouble free in any sunny location, it bears masses of trumpet-shaped flowers all summer.

KEY TIPS

Give them plenty of room to grow. As a climber, they will fasten themselves to a wall, trellis, pergola, post or fence growing vertically and laterally. During the growing season, pinch back vines from time to time to assure dense growth.

SHELF LIFE

Plant in larger pots and place outside immediately after the night temperatures stay above 45 degrees.

PLANT PREPARATION

Unpack your plants immediately removing any packing material. Cut away any yellow or brown leaves or broken stems that may have occurred. Water them immediately.

POTTED PLANTS

Rather than in the garden you may re-pot into large containers. Re-pot the plants into at least 15 inch pots separately or together inside one larger container. As a climber, they will need a trellis, cage, or post to cling onto. During the growing season, pinch back vines from time to time to assure dense growth.

SOIL

If soil is clayish amend it with garden soil for adequate moisture retentiveness.

GARDEN PREPARATION

Pick a sunny location near a wall, trellis, pergola, post or fence where they can grow both vertically and laterally.

PLANTING SPACING

If planting in garden or together in one container space 10 to 15 feet apart.

PLANTING DEPTH

Dig holes twice the width of the root ball and about 5-6 inches deep. Place them in their holes. Pack soil firmly around roots.

PLANT HEIGHT

Depending on your pruning, they will grow 15-35 feet tall in about 3 years.

WATER

Water upon planting. Their soil likes to remain damp during their growing season.

FERTILIZER

For best results, use a high acid fertilizer once or twice a month like Roberta's Bounty.

TEMPERATURE ZONES 4 to 10

When nights stay above 45 degrees, place your plants outside and leave them there. They can withstand winter temperatures to minus 30 below 0 Fahrenheit.

LIGHTING

In the summer growing season, full sun is the absolute best.

BLOOMING

Under correct conditions, blooming begins in July and last well into October.

DORMANCY

These plants will lose all of their foliage in the winter.

PRUNING

During the growing season, pinch back vines from time to time to assure dense growth. Dead and weak wood should be removed in early spring as necessary. Shortening lateral branches encourages thicker growth.

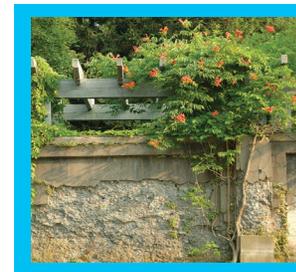
STAKING

As a climber they will naturally attach themselves to a wall, post, or trellis.

ADDITIONAL REFERENCE



Shipped As Shown



Campsis in 3rd season



Campsis 10 years old



Campsis Flower Size



Hot Dry Conditions



20 years old