

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT MAKES THE HONEYMOON HIBISCUS SPECIAL?

The Hardy Honeymoon Hibiscus brings the look of tropics to gardens across the country offering more overlapping flowers than any other Hibiscus, hardy or not. Also, their extremely fast growth means you'll be enjoying beautiful, bushy Hibiscus plants earlier in the season.

MY PLANT ARE SLOW TO BREAK DORMANCY?

While a dormant plant may appear to be dead, think of it as just being asleep or hibernating. It is natural that these plants lose all or most of their foliage in the winter. New growth reemerges in June.

CAN THESE BE GROWN IN CONTAINERS?

Rather than in the garden you may re-pot into large containers. Re pot the plants into at least 10 inch pots separately or together inside one larger container.

DOES DEAD HEADING HELP INCREASE FLOWERS?

Not especially. It can be done for esthetics only. Remove spent flowers throughout the summer.

HOW MUCH DO THESE GET CUT BACK AND WHEN?

After the first heavy frost, cut all shoots back to about 4 inches above the soil. Plants rest from November - May. If no frost occurs simply do the same thing in the spring.

COMPANION PLANTS

Peonies, digitalis, delphinium, scabiosa, campanula, dianthus, and hardy geranium make nice companions.

FIRST THINGS FIRST...

When your plant arrives from Roberta's, remove from the shipping box immediately.

Remove plastic bag and sleeve from around potted plant(s). Discard any packing material clinging to the leaves or soil. Pull away any yellow or brown leaves that may have occurred during transit. If you can not plant it into garden or larger pot within a few days, make sure it stays well watered.

When ready to plant, do the job as early in the day as possible to avoid extreme soil temperatures that prevent proper water uptake from the roots. Water them in well and whisper a few words of wisdom.



Our Warranty (Perennials)

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at 1-800-428-9726 during the hours of 8:30am and 4:30pm EST.

You can email questions to us at:
plantquestions@robertasinc.com.

If your bulbs, cuttings etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within one year from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll free number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at www.robertasinc.com.

Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.

Neither the retailer nor any other company involved in the sale or promotion of this product is a co-warrantor of this plant warranty.

Plant Hardiness Zone Map



1-800-428-9726

Monday – Friday 8:30AM – 4:30PM EST

Thank you
for bringing us into your home

www.robertasinc.com

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ROBERTA'S GARDENS PLANTING AND GROWING GUIDE



2 in 1 Hardy
Honeymoon Hibiscus
(*Hibiscus moscheutos* hybrids)



QUICK REFERENCE PLANTING GUIDE

LIGHT/SUN EXPOSURE:	Full or Partial Sun
USDA HARDINESS ZONES:	4-10
PLANT TYPE	Perennial
PLANTING DISTANCE:	24-36 inches
MATURE HEIGHT/SPREAD:	24-36 inches
BLOOM TIME:	Summer – Mid Autumn by second
PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS: <small>(soil preparation, depth, which end is up, etc.)</small>	Unpack your plants immediately removing any packing material. Water immediately. Plant in garden immediately after the night temperatures stay above 35 degrees spacing about 24-60 inches. Water them deeply and thoroughly.

PLANTING GUIDE

1
STEP

Remove plastic bag and sleeve from around potted plant(s). Discard any packing material clinging to the leaves or soil. Pull away any yellow or brown leaves that may have occurred during transit. If you can not plant it into garden or larger pot within a few days, make sure it stays well watered.

2
STEP

Transplant into the garden as soon as evening temperatures stay above 40F. Dig holes twice the width of the root ball and about 5 to 6 inches deep. Place them in their holes. Pack soil firmly around roots. Fill with soil and pack in firmly covering entire root zone. Water again.

3
STEP

Rather than in the garden you may re-pot into large containers. Re-pot the plants into at least 10 inch pots separately or together inside one larger container.

4
STEP

Planted now they will produce flowers in summer to mid-autumn.

CONTINUING CARE

NATURE ATTRACTION

These plants attract hummingbirds into the garden with their sweet pollen-bearing flower anthers. They are deer resistant!

PLANT PREPARATION

Cut away any yellow or brown leaves or broken stems that may have occurred. This grooming is completely normal and will take place as the plant grows.

POTTED PLANTS

Rather than the garden you may re-pot into large containers. Re pot the plants into at least 10 inch pots separately or together inside one larger container. They should not need a container larger than 5 gallon.

SOIL

Plant in fertile moist but well drained soil. Amend clay soils with compost or potting mix.

GARDEN PREPARATION

If your soil is clayish amend it with a standard garden soil for adequate moisture retentiveness.

PLANTING SPACING

Plant in garden immediately after the night temperatures stay above 35 degrees spacing about 12 to 15 inches. Dig holes twice the width of the root ball and about 5 to 6 inches deep. Place them in their holes. Fill with soil and pack in firmly covering entire root zone.

WATER

Water the plants thoroughly and deeply once or twice a week. These are drought tolerant after the first season.

FERTILIZER

To promote more flowers use a well balanced fertilizer like Roberta's Flower Magic Plant Food once a week in the summer.

LIGHTING

Full sun is best. Otherwise a half a day of sun is sufficient.

BLOOMING

Under correct conditions, blooming begins in early summer and persists all summer into autumn, especially by the second season.

TEMPERATURE ZONE 4 to 10

When nights stay above 40 degrees, place your plants outside and leave them there. They can withstand winter temperatures to minus 20F.

WINTER DORMANCY

After the first heavy frost, cut all shoots back to about 4 inches above the soil. Plants rest from November - May. If no frost occurs, simply do the same in the spring.

GROOMING/PRUNING

Remove spent flowers throughout the summer. In addition, cut away any yellow, brown leaves or broken stems that naturally occur. This grooming is completely normal and will take place as the plant grows. New leaves and stems appear as the old ones are pruned away.

PROPAGATING

The plants can easily be sub-divided every 3-4 years in late autumn. Get your shovel out, divide, and re-plant.

CUT FLOWERS

The individual flowers are beautiful when floated in a bowl as a centerpiece on a table.

STAKING

The flower stems usually need no staking.

ADDITIONAL REFERENCE



Shipped As Shown
in 3.5" Pot



Honeymoon Red flowers
reaching about 8" across



Honeymoon Pink in
its 2nd season



Honeymoon White with a
multitude of overlapping
flowers



Honeymoon Pink and Red
along a driveway