

## FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

### DO THEY MAKE EASY PLANTS TO SUBDIVIDE

These plants will re-bloom and spread every year. They can be subdivided in early spring when the new growth begins to occur. Do so after 2-3 years as this will increase yield considerably.

### CAN THEY BE GROWN IN BOTH SUN AND SHADE?

These actually can grow in hot sun or even in shady woodlands. They do well either location.

### ARE THEY DEER RESISTANT?

This new hybrid series is irresistible to gaze at with their awesome attention-getting flowers, floriferous nature and vigorous habit. They are deer resistant yet a favorite of butterflies!

### MY LEAVES SEEM TO DISAPPEAR IN LATE SUMMER?

This is normal. This just means they are going dormant. They will eventually lose all of their foliage.

### WHAT ARE SOME NICE COMPANION PLANTS?

Heliopsis, Delphinium, Monarda, Gypsophila, Clematis, Forget Me Not, German Iris, and Giant Lamb's Ear, Coreopsis make nice companion plants.

## FIRST THINGS FIRST...

When your plant arrives from Roberta's, remove from the shipping box immediately. Remove plastic bag and sleeve from around potted plant(s). Discard any packing material clinging to the leaves or soil. Pull away any yellow or brown leaves that may have occurred during transit.

If you can not plant it into garden or larger pot within a few days, make sure it stays well watered.

When ready to plant, do the job as early in the day as possible to avoid extreme soil temperatures that prevent proper water uptake from the roots. Water them in well and whisper a few words of wisdom.



## Our Warranty (Perennials)

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at 1-800-428-9726 during the hours of 8:30am and 4:30pm EST. You can email questions to us at: [plantquestions@robertasinc.com](mailto:plantquestions@robertasinc.com).

If your bulbs, cuttings etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within one year from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll free number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at [www.robertasinc.com](http://www.robertasinc.com).

Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.

Neither the retailer nor any other company involved in the sale or promotion of this product is a co-warrantor of this plant warranty.

### Plant Hardiness Zone Map



9a to 11 (orange) 7a (light green) 6a (medium green) 5a (medium blue)  
8a to 8b (yellow) 6b (green) 5bs to 5bn (light blue) 3a to 4b (pink)  
7b (light yellow)



## ROBERTA'S GARDENS PLANTING AND GROWING GUIDE



Dalmatian Series Foxgloves  
(Digitalis hybrids)



1-800-428-9726

Monday – Friday 8:30AM – 4:30PM EST

Thank you  
for bringing us into your home

[www.robertasinc.com](http://www.robertasinc.com)

Roberta's, P.O. Box 368, Waldron, IN 46182



# QUICK REFERENCE PLANTING GUIDE

LIGHT/SUN EXPOSURE:	Full Sun to Shade
USDA HARDINESS ZONES:	4-9
PLANT TYPE	Perennial
PLANTING DISTANCE:	24-30 inches
MATURE HEIGHT/SPREAD:	16-20 inches 12-18 inches
BLOOM TIME:	Early Summer to Early Autumn by 2nd Season
PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS: <small>(soil preparation, depth, which end is up, etc.)</small>	Pull away any yellow or brown leaves that may have occurred during transit. Dig holes twice the width of the root ball and about 5 to 6 inches deep. Place them in their holes. Pack soil firmly around roots. Fill with soil and pack in firmly covering entire root zone - Water

# PLANTING GUIDE

<b>1</b> STEP	Remove plastic bag and/or sleeve from around potted plant(s). Discard any packing material clinging to the leaves or soil. Pull away any yellow or brown leaves that may have occurred during transit. If you cannot plant it into garden or larger pot within a few days, make sure it stays well watered.
<b>2</b> STEP	Transplant into the garden as soon as evening temperatures stay above 40F. Dig holes twice the width of the root ball and about 5 to 6 inches deep. Place them in their holes. Pack soil firmly around roots. Fill with soil and pack in firmly covering entire root zone. Water again. Plants will grow in full sun to shade.
<b>3</b> STEP	Rather than in the garden you may re-pot into large containers. Repot the plants into at least 12 inch pots separately or together inside one larger container.
<b>4</b> STEP	Planted now they will produce flowers in mid-summer until autumn every year.

# CONTINUING CARE

<b>SHELF LIFE</b>	Plant into garden or larger pots and place outside immediately after the night temperatures stay above 40 degrees.
<b>PLANT PREPARATION</b>	Remove plastic bag and sleeve from around potted plant(s). Discard any packing material clinging to the leaves or soil. Pull away any yellow or brown leaves that may have occurred during transit. If you cannot plant it into garden or larger pot within a few days, make sure it stays well watered.
<b>SOIL</b>	Grow in fertile, moist but well-drained soil. Amend clay type soils with compost or potting mix.
<b>GARDEN PREPARATION</b>	They will grow in just about any lighting.
<b>POTTED PLANTS</b>	Rather than in the garden you may re-pot into large containers. Repot the plants into at least 12 inch pots separately or together inside one larger container.
<b>PLANTING SPACING</b>	If planting in garden space 24 to 36 inches apart.
<b>PLANT HEIGHT AND WIDTH</b>	These grow about 16 to 20 inches tall and 12 to 18 inches wide
<b>WATER</b>	Water upon planting and a couple times a week all summer long.
<b>FERTILIZER</b>	They respond to feeding with a high bloom fertilizer like Flower Magic plant food (M7503). Once a month is sufficient during the spring and summer.
<b>TEMPERATURE ZONES 4 to 9</b>	When nights stay above 40 degrees, place your plants outside and leave them there. They can withstand winter temperatures to minus 30F.
<b>LIGHTING</b>	In the summer growing season, these will grow in full sun, part sun, dappled sun or shade.
<b>BLOOMING</b>	Under correct conditions, blooming begins in late spring to early autumn by second season.
<b>PRUNING</b>	Pruning is not necessary. Not cutting the spent stems will allow these go to seed and multiply.
<b>WINTER DORMANCY</b>	Leave old flower heads on the plant. In early spring, gradually remove any winter cover. These plants will re-bloom and spread every year. They can be subdivided in early spring every 2 to 3 years.

# ADDITIONAL REFERENCE



Foxglove Shipped as Shown



**CAUTION:** Not all plant material is edible. Though most plants are harmless, some contain toxic substances which can cause headaches, nausea, dizziness, or other discomforts. As a general rule, only known food products should be eaten. In case of ingestion on any other plant or flower, please contact your local poison center at once and advise them of the plant ingested. Keep out of reach of children and pets.