

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

HOW MUCH DO THESE GET CUT BACK AND WHEN?
In early spring, gradually remove any winter cover. It is also best to clean away any old remnants of dried hosta foliage from a previous season. This will help your plants achieve optimal growth.

WHERE ARE THEY BEST PLANTED?
Hostas love the shade and will bring certain lushness under trees, along the shady side of your home, in borders, or as accents around the garden. If you are worried about slugs, planting them in partial sun should help minimize the problem.

DO THEY MAKE EASY PLANTS TO SUBDIVIDE?
These plants will re-bloom and spread every year. After 3-4 years they can be subdivided late autumn. Simply stick a shovel or trowel down between the clumps and pull apart anywhere. Don't worry, you can't harm them, they love it!

DO THEY NEED TO BE MULCHED?
It is a good idea mulch your young hostas once or twice during the season. This will help seal in the moisture so that your hostas don't dry out. After a couple years once your plants have matured they become quite drought tolerant and mulching is no longer necessary.

WHAT ARE SOME NICE COMPANION PLANTS?
Peonies, digitalis, delphinium, scabiosa, campanula, bachelor's buttons, dianthus, hardy gloxinia and hardy geranium make nice companions.

FIRST THINGS FIRST...

When your plant arrives from Roberta's, remove from the shipping box immediately.

Keep bare roots inside packing material until ready to plant into ground or container. Put in a cool, protected area and plant as soon as possible.

For extended storage time, place in refrigerator for up to 3 weeks.

When ready to plant, do the job as early in the day as possible to avoid extreme soil temperatures that prevent proper water uptake from the roots. Water them in well and whisper a few words of wisdom.



Our Warranty (Perennials)

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at 1-800-428-9726 during the hours of 8:30am and 4:30pm EST. You can email questions to us at: plantquestions@robertasinc.com.

If your bulbs, cuttings etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within one year from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll free number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at www.robertasinc.com.

Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.

Neither the retailer nor any other company involved in the sale or promotion of this product is a co-warrantor of this plant warranty.



1-800-428-9726

Monday – Friday 8:30AM – 4:30PM EST

Thank you
for bringing us into your home

www.robertasinc.com

Roberta's, P.O. Box 368, Waldron, IN 46182



ROBERTA'S GARDENS

PLANTING AND GROWING GUIDE



Grecian Windflower Mixture
(Anemone blanda mix)



QUICK REFERENCE PLANTING GUIDE

LIGHT/SUN EXPOSURE:	Partial to Full Sun
USDA HARDINESS ZONES:	4-10
PLANT TYPE	Perennial
PLANTING DISTANCE:	4-5 inches per bulb
MATURE HEIGHT/SPREAD:	4-6 inches 4-5 inches
BLOOM TIME:	Mid Spring
PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS:	Remove plastic bag and/or sleeve from around bulbs. Transplant into the garden as soon as evening temperatures stay above 40F. Plant 2.5 to 3 inches deep and 4 to 5 inches apart per bulb.
(soil preparation, depth, which end is up, etc.)	

PLANTING GUIDE

1
STEP

Keep inside packing material until ready to plant into ground or container. Put in a cool, protected area and plant as soon as possible. For extended storage time, place in refrigerator for up to 3 weeks.

2
STEP

Transplant into the garden as soon as evening temperatures stay above 40F. Your hole should be 2 ½ -3" deep to accommodate the bulbs. Fill in the hole with soil and pack in firmly. Water them in well.

3
STEP

Rather than in the garden you may re-pot into large containers. Re pot the plants into at least 12 inch pots separately or together inside one larger container.

4
STEP

Planted now they will produce flowers in mid spring, March through April.

CONTINUING CARE

SHELF LIFE

Plant into garden or larger pots and place outside immediately after the night temperatures stay above 40 degrees.

PLANT PREPARATION

Remove plastic bag and sleeve from around potted bulbs. Discard any packing material clinging to the leaves or soil. Pull away any yellow or brown leaves that may have occurred during transit. If you cannot plant it into garden or larger pot within a few days, make sure it stays well-watered.

SOIL

Grow in fertile, moist, but well-drained soil. Amend clay type soils with compost or potting mix.

POTTED PLANTS

Rather than in the garden you may re-pot into large containers. Repot the plants into at least 12 inch pots separately or together inside one larger container.

GARDEN PREPARATION

They do best in full sun, but a half day of sun will suffice. The more sun the more intensified the blooms will be.

PLANTING DISTANCE

If planted in the garden space each bulb 4-5 inches apart and plant 16 bulbs per square foot.

PLANT HEIGHT AND WIDTH

These grow about 4-6 inches tall and 4-5 inches wide.

WATER

Water upon planting and just average watering in summer.

FERTILIZER

They respond to feeding with a high bloom fertilizer like Roberta's Flower Magic plant food (M7503). Twice a month is sufficient. Also Roberta's Micro-nutrient Spray and Flourish (M26045) is a bonus for your plants. Once a month is sufficient.

TEMPERATURE ZONE 4 to 10

When nights stay above 40 degrees, place your plants outside and leave them there. They can withstand winter temperatures to minus 30F.

LIGHTING

In the growing season, partial sun or a slightly shaded area is best.

BLOOMING

Under correct conditions, blooming appears throughout the mid spring.

PRUNING

After blooming, the leaves will yellow and die back as they go into dormancy. At this point, you may cut the foliage back to the ground as the plants will rest for a few months before entering their next growth cycle.

WINTER DORMANCY

After blooming has occurred, leave plants in place; do not cut them back. The leaves gather sunlight which strengthens the bulbs for the future.

PROPAGATING

They can be subdivided in the spring after 2 to 3 year. Dig up plants not harming the roots, then divide the rhizomes into smaller divisions and replant in the spring.

ADDITIONAL REFERENCE



Anemone Shipped as Shown



Wonderful spring color in cool blue shades



Fantastic, colorful daisy-like flowers



Excellent when paired with other spring flowering bulbs



Established Anemone in a rock garden