

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHY DO WE LIKE THESE BELLFLOWERS?

Bellflowers are quickly becoming one of the most popular perennials in the garden for their ease of growth and their unique shaped flowers. This collection is made up of low growing, ground covering bellflowers that only grow about 6-12 inches tall, but will spread up to 18 inches around per plant. Their long period of blooming makes them a real winner in the garden.

WHERE DO THESE LOOK BEST IN THE GARDEN?

The Bellflowers are compact, sturdy plants that will do well just about anywhere in the garden. Since they are low growing, spreading plants, they do exceptionally well along borders, edges, or walkways, in rock gardens, flower beds, or even under your shrubs.

CAN I GROW THEM IN CONTAINERS?

Yes, they look fantastic in containers. Because these Bellflowers will grow out in all directions, they look splendid in containers effortlessly spilling over the sides of the containers. And because they will produce flowers on all sides of the plant above the soil, they're a real winner in hanging baskets, window boxes or any other patio containers.

WHAT ARE SOME NICE COMPANIONS?

Hens and Chicks, Shasta Daisies, Russian Sage, Coneflowers, Daylilies, Agastache, and Hardy Geraniums are all great companions.

FIRST THINGS FIRST...

When your plant arrives from Roberta's, remove from the shipping box immediately.

Remove plastic bag and sleeve from around potted plant(s). Discard any packing material clinging to the leaves or soil. Pull away any yellow or brown leaves that may have occurred during transit. If you can not plant it into garden or larger pot within a few days, make sure it stays well watered.

When ready to plant, do the job as early in the day as possible to avoid extreme soil temperatures that prevent proper water uptake from the roots. Water them in well and whisper a few words of wisdom.



Our Warranty (Perennials)

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at 1-800-428-9726 during the hours of 8:30am and 4:30pm EST.

You can email questions to us at:
plantquestions@robertasinc.com.

If your bulbs, cuttings etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within one year from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll free number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at www.robertasinc.com.

Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.

Neither the retailer nor any other company involved in the sale or promotion of this product is a co-warrantor of this plant warranty.

Plant Hardiness Zone Map



1-800-428-9726

Monday – Friday 8:30AM – 4:30PM EST

Thank you
for bringing us into your home

www.robertasinc.com

Roberta's, P.O. Box 368, Waldron, IN 46182



ROBERTA'S GARDENS PLANTING AND GROWING GUIDE



Bellflower Collection
(*Campanula porscharkskyana* hybrids)



QUICK REFERENCE PLANTING GUIDE

LIGHT/SUN EXPOSURE:	Full to Partial Sun
USDA HARDINESS ZONES:	3-9
PLANT TYPE	Perennial
PLANTING DISTANCE:	12-18 inches
MATURE HEIGHT/SPREAD:	6-12 inches 12-18 inches
BLOOM TIME:	Spring to Summer by 2nd Season
PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS: <small>(soil preparation, depth, which end is up, etc.)</small>	Remove plastic bag and/or sleeve from around potted plant(s). Transplant into the garden as soon as evening temperatures stay above 40F. Rather than in the garden you may re-pot into large containers.

PLANTING GUIDE

1
STEP

Remove plastic bag and/or sleeve from around potted plant(s). Discard any packing material clinging to the leaves or soil. Pull away any yellow or brown leaves that may have occurred during transit. If you cannot plant it into garden or larger pot within a few days, make sure it stays well watered.

2
STEP

Transplant into the garden as soon as evening temperatures stay above 40F. Dig holes twice the width of the root ball and about 5 to 6 inches deep. Place them in their holes. Pack soil firmly around roots. Fill with soil and pack in firmly covering entire root zone. Water again. Plants prefer full sun to half day of sun.

3
STEP

Rather than in the garden you may re-pot into large containers. Repot the plants into at least 12-inch pot or together in larger containers.

4
STEP

Planted now they will produce flowers in summer, and earlier in subsequent seasons.

CONTINUING CARE

SHELF LIFE

Plant into garden or larger pots and place outside immediately after the night temperatures stay above 40 degrees.

PLANT PREPARATION

Remove plastic bag and sleeve from around potted plant(s). Discard any packing material clinging to the leaves or soil. Pull away any yellow or brown leaves that may have occurred during transit. If you cannot plant it into garden or larger pot within a few days, make sure it stays well watered.

SOIL

Grow in fertile, moist but well-drained soil. Amend clay type soils with compost or potting mix.

GARDEN PREPARATION

They prefer full sun to partial sun.

POTTED PLANTS

Rather than in the garden you may re-pot into large containers. Repot the plants into at least 12 inch pots separately or together inside one larger container.

PLANTING SPACING

If planting in garden space 12 to 18 inches apart.

PLANT HEIGHT AND WIDTH

These grow about 6 to 12 inches tall and 12 to 18 inches wide.

WATER

Water upon planting and a couple times a week all summer long.

FERTILIZER

They respond to feeding with a high bloom fertilizer like Flower Magic plant food (M7503). Once a month is sufficient.

TEMPERATURE ZONES 3 to 9

When nights stay above 40 degrees, place your plants outside and leave them there. They can withstand winter temperatures to minus -30F.

LIGHTING

In the summer growing season, full sun or partial sun is best.

BLOOMING

Under correct conditions, blooming is early spring to late summer by second season.

WINTER DORMANCY

These perennials will rest in the winter and re-emerge in the spring. These plants will re-bloom and spread every year. They can be subdivided in early spring every other year after the second season.

ADDITIONAL REFERENCE



Bellflower Shipped As Shown



Flowers on every side of the plant



Great in containers



Try along edges or walkways